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| **АНГЛІЙСЬКА МОВА** |
| **До уроку №59**  **Контроль зорового сприймання**  **Second half-year Test**  9th Grade  **Reading**  POLAR BEAR MAKES THE LIST  In spring 2008, the polar bear was placed on the **endangered species** list. An endangered species is an animal, plant or any other kind of wildlife that can die in its natural **habitat**. Polar bears had been categorized as a "threatened" species which the Endangered Species Act defines as one that become "endangered" in the future.  The polar bear is the first animal that has been classified as endangered due primarily to **global warming**. Gradual warming is caused by carbon dioxide and other **greenhouse gases** that become trapped in the atmosphere. Renewable energy sources or **renewable** that don't cause global warming include solar, wind and hydro-electricity power. These alternative forms of power, as well as the science of climate change, have been strongly attacked by many of the world's biggest companies in order to protect the huge profits they make from fossil fuels.  The polar bear's habitat is more **vulnerable** to global warming than many other species. Polar bears live mainly on the sea ice in the Arctic. This is where they hunt for fish and build up fat reserves. When the ice melts many polar bears move to land and live off their stored fat. In the Arctic, global warming is causing the ice to melt slightly earlier and form slightly later. This results in a shorter feeding season for the polar bear. Some **risk** their lives to find ice. If they have to swim too far they will drown from exhaustion and hunger. The World Wildlife Fund estimates that over 25% of Arctic sea ice has disappeared in the past 30 years.  It is not only the polar bear that is at risk in the Arctic. Every species of plant, animal, and insect there is threatened by gradual warming. Nevertheless, **environmentalists** groups such as the World Wildlife Fund often study large carnivores in order to estimate the health of an **ecosystem**. The Arctic **food chain** relies on the polar bear. In addition, donations are more commonly offered for the protection of large animals such as bears or elephants. People in general are less interested in **conservation efforts** that protect small wildlife, such as plants or insects. However, by using donor money to protect the habitats of larger animals through **reforestation** and similar programs, entire ecosystems with many threatened or endangered species can be saved.  It is important that animals such as the polar bear make it in the endangered species list. Once they are on the list there are laws that protect these animals from being hunted for food or sport. Agencies also receive money and tools to protect the habitat and **recover** the species. Since the ESA was introduced in the US in 1973, many species have been taken off the list due to increased populations. In fact, it is rare for a species to go extinct after they make the list. Sadly many species do go extinct while waiting for consideration.  **Tasks**  **Task 1. Choose the correct missing word:**   1. Global warming is caused by …. and other greenhouse gases that become trapped in the atmosphere. 2. oxygen 3. carbon dioxide 4. [hydrochloricacid](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hydrochloric_acid) 5. plutonium 6. The WWF often study large carnivores due to estimate … 7. impact of man on environment 8. the health of an ecosystem 9. population increase 10. the ice in the Arctic 11. The global warming of the earth is called … 12. endangered 13. gradual warming 14. habitat 15. environmental 16. By using donor money to protect the habitats of larger animals through reforestation and similar groups, means to protect … 17. entire ecosystems 18. energy sources 19. scientists 20. extinct kinds   **Task 2. Choose if the sentences are True (T) or False (F):**   1. According to the article, an endangered species is one that is dangerous to humans. 2. Climate change poses the greatest threat to polar bears today. 3. People are less interested in reforestation projects that protect small wildlife, such as plants and insects. 4. Donations are more generally offered for the protection of large animals such as bears or elephants. 5. The WWF estimates 25% of the Antarctic sea ice has disappeared in the past 30 years. 6. Since the ESA was introduced in the US in 1973, many species have been taken off the list in order to increased populations. |
| **До уроку №61**  **Контроль сприймання на слух**  **Listening Comprehension Test for 9th Form Students**  **Text**  The process of domesticating animals started long ago. The first animal to be domesticated was the dog. No one knows when or where the dog was first domesticated. It's believed, however, that the process took place more than 10,000 years ago. The remains of what is thought to be an early example of a domesticated dog were found in a cave in Idaho. These remains are believed to be around 10,500 years old. So, domestication took place during humankind's earliest stage of development — the hunter-gatherer period.  All of the dogs you see today, from Chihuahuas to Great Danes, are descend­ants of wolves. Obviously, domestication of these wild creatures required that humans select the most useful and easily trained young animals as breeding stock. As such selection continued over countless generations, dogs became adapted to many tasks.  Dogs apparently first served as guards! With their keen sense of smell and hearing, dogs made it almost impossible for strangers to approach a sleeping village by surprise. And later, humans took advantage of dogs' hunting instincts. Dogs learned to help humans procure meat and skins from wild animals. Then, after humans domesticated herd animals such as goats, cattle, and sheep, dogs helped round these herd animals up and move them from place to place by barking and nipping at their heels. Take a look at this fresco from the wall of a sandstone grotto in the Sahara. It's probably about 5,000 years old. The herders are driving their oxen home from the field, while their "best friend" is apparently helping them.  Of course, after that, at some unknown time, dogs began to take on a new role, the role that most of them have today. They began to be valued not so much for the work they did as for the company they provided.  **Task 1 . Put down + if the statement is true, - if it is false (2 points each).**   1. The first animal to be tamed was the dog. 2. The remains of a domesticated dog were found in a cave in Africa. 3. Domestication took place during the harvest-gatherer period. 4. All of the dogs you see today are ancestors of wolves.   5. The most useful and easily trained young animals were selected as breeding stock.  6. Dogs learned to help humans obtain meat and skins from wild animals..  7. After the dog humans domesticated herd animals.  8. There is a fresco on the wall of a sandstone grotto in the Alps.  9. Dogs helped move herd animals by barking and stinging.  10. Nowadays dogs are valued just for the company they provide.  **Task 2 2. Choose the correct letter (a, b or c) – (2 points each)**  11. They say that the process of domestication took place:  a) more than 10 centuries ago; b) less than 10,000 years ago;  c) more than 100 centuries ago; d) more than 1000 decade ago.  12. So, domestication took place during humankind's:  a) latest period of improvement; b) earliest stage of expansion;  с) former point of development; d) newest stage of introduction.  13. The selection of dogs continued over: a) favorite relations; b) numerous adaptations;  c) few generations; d) infinite generations.   1. One can easily make a conclusion that:   a) the dog was disciplined; b) the dog was handsome;  c) the dog was baking; d) the dog was generous.  15. Dogs apparently first served as:  a) guards; b) herds;  c) shepherd; d) guides.  16. Humans took advantage of dogs':  a) haunted instincts; b) hunting insects;  c) hunted sixth sense; d) hunting institution.  17. Dogs learned to help humans:   1. obtain pork and skins from undomesticated animals; 2. get hold of meat and hides from wild animals; 3. secure meat and skins from tamed animals;  d) procure lamb and hides from natural animals.   18. It may be inferred from the text that there is:   1. a fresco in the fortification of a stone grotto; 2. a fresco on the partition of a granite cavern; 3. a fresco in the hedge of a brickwork grotto; 4. a fresco on the wall of a sandstone cave.   19. It was mentioned in the text that:  a) the shepherds are driving their cattle home;  b) the herders are making homes for their oxen;  c) the shepherds are driving their cars home;  d) the herders are riding their oxen home.  20. Nowadays most of the dogs have:  a) a new character; b) a new role play;  c) a new function; d) a new part. |
| **До уроку №62**  **Rewrite the sentences in passive voice**  1. They don’t speak English in this shop  English is not spoken in this shop  2. Kevin asked Dennis a question  3. Somebody built the house last year  4. She gives him a box  5. Max will look after him  6. The waiter brought Fred a big steak  7. Somebody broke into our bungalow last Friday. |